

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

The Senate Passes the Bill Prohibiting Rail Playing on Sunday.

But Defeats the Bill Requiring the Effects of Alcohol to be Taught in the Schools.

The House Spends the Day in Considering the Purdue Appropriation—The Late Representative Browning.

Benjamin Bailey, editor of the Jeffersonville News, was a visitor on the floor of the House yesterday.

The bill allowing County Treasurers six per cent. for collecting delinquent taxes passed the House yesterday by vote of 55 to 25.

Ex-Senator Menzies was on the floor of the Senate yesterday. He denies that he is or has been an applicant for the position of Land Commissioner.

Mr. Staley's bill, requiring that the effects of alcoholic stimulants shall be taught in the public schools, was called up in the Senate yesterday and was defeated.

The bill to pay State Geologist Collett \$1,500 for certain specimens furnished the department, and which failed to pass a few days ago, was called up yesterday and passed by a vote of 58 to 28.

The Committee on Conference reported yesterday in favor of paying Doorkeeper Frey \$210 for summoning witnesses in the Knightstown investigation and the Grand Hotel \$96 for room rent for the committee. The report was concurred in.

At 11 o'clock yesterday the House went into Committee of the Whole on the General Appropriation bill, the question under discussion being the item appropriating \$24,000 to Purdue University. This was discussed during the entire afternoon session, and the committee rose without voting upon it.

Senator Marshall introduced a resolution, yesterday, reciting the fact that "Indiana had at last been recognized" in the appointment of a Democrat to be Postmaster at Greencastle and an adjournment was ordered for today. Senator Hilliges suggested that whatever disappointment Democrats might feel there had been shown no disposition to assassinate the President. Senator Marshall assented and his resolution was tabled.

The House bill to prevent gaming at agricultural fairs was called up in the Senate yesterday afternoon, there being a minority report recommending that it be indefinitely postponed, and a majority report favoring its passage. The principal objection urged was that there are already ample provisions on the statute books against gaming, and if these are not enforced, there appears no reason that special laws against games at fairs will be either. The bill was recommitted.

The House bill to prohibit ball playing on the Sabbath came up in the Senate, yesterday morning, and was referred to Senator Overstreet with instructions to amend by striking out the emergency clause and also by making the bill apply only to games where some benefit accrues to the managers or players, such as rate fees or a stake to be played for. The bill as thus amended was reported back and passed. It will not have to come to the House for concurrence in the amendments, and the base ball men are very anxious, it is said, that this may be done.

Representative Gordon denies in the most emphatic manner that he has any aspirations to succeed Professor Holcomb as Superintendent of Public Instruction. He says that he will not be a candidate for any office within the gift of the State Democracy. Mr. Gordon has been in the Legislature for two terms and is one of the most effective speakers on the floor of the House, and appears to be satisfied with the honor that comes to him in his capacity as Representative. He has occupied the position of great educational interest the session and shows a perfect familiarity with the parliamentary rules that obtain in the General Assembly. As a candidate for any office Mr. Gordon would find himself supported by a host of friends whom his abilities and affable demeanor have brought around him.

THE LATE REPRESENTATIVE BROWNING.

Representative Sears, yesterday, reported a memorial and resolutions from the committee appointed on the death of Representative Browning, and their consideration was made the special order for Saturday afternoon. After a review of the life and public services of the deceased, the report says:

In private life, he was strictly honest, upright and conscientious, a member of the Methodist Church, and for years a traveling preacher in that connection. In public life, he was an earnest advocate of the strictest economy and most unflinching fidelity to the rights of the people. A man of strong convictions, he fearlessly defended them. His ability on the floor of the House was marked by readiness in debate and the advocacy of what he deemed the right, with force, earnestness and power. His heart was carried in his hand, and in the heat of extempore debate he would say, "I was more than ready to fight the wrong, the advocate of the honest and unflinching interests of the State was marked and conspicuous during the session of the Legislature. Because he was an intelligent, incorruptible and faithful legislator, we honor his memory. Because he was a patriot, and counted his life as nothing in the defense of his country, we honor his memory. Because he was a noble man and worthy citizen, we commend his life to his countrymen; but because he was so good, so honest, so upright, so full of power, we mourn his loss and cherish his memory. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That his desk and chair be draped with mourning through the remainder of the session, and that the members wear crepe and the close of the same.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread at length on the journal of the House, and another copy be properly engrossed and forwarded to his afflicted family, as a testimonial of our appreciation of his worth, and an assurance of our sympathy, in their great bereavement.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS MATTERS.

The Discharged Employee Give Their Side of the Story.

John O'Harrow, John Polk and James Canada, three of the men who have latterly been discharged from their positions in the Adams Express Company's office, called upon the Sentinel yesterday with reference to the matters reported in the issue of that morning. They incline to the opinion that the article referred to might be construed as an evidence that they were responsible for the disappearance of the \$3,800 express package on the 23 of January, and on account of which O'Harrow was arrested, as heretofore stated. It was not the intention of the Sentinel to make any accusation in the matter, nor did it intimate that the three or any one of them was responsible for the loss of the package.

and its subsequent return. As Superintendent Henderson has stated that he knows who took the package, and by whom and when it was replaced in the safe, O'Harrow and Canada express a very emphatic opinion that he is under obligations to have the party or parties arrested, if for nothing more than that they themselves might appear in their proper light before the community. They claim that the combination of the safe was known to seven different parties, and that there is no more reason to suspect one of them than the other five, and that if the Superintendent has any information which would lead to the conviction of the guilty party it is due them that it should be made public by a prosecution in the courts.

The total number discharged from the express company's employment since the 1st of January is eleven, which is bordering very closely upon the whole sale. O'Harrow states that soon after his release a young man formed his acquaintance and sponsored him to the amount of \$50. He then discovered that his newly made acquaintance was a Pinkerton detective, and he made out a bill for \$500, which he presented to Henderson, saying that he had been imposed upon by the dead beat detective, and he was under obligations to pay for a detective employed to pay the bill, and it was then sent to Manager Zimmerman, who also refused to pay it. Some words passed between the two, and shortly thereafter he was discharged.

Canada states that he was approached by a policeman some time ago and informed that if he would accuse a fellow employee of the loss of having taken the \$3,800 package he could retain his position. He refused to do this and his discharge followed shortly after.

John Polk was a porter and at no time had any connection with the missing package, or in fact was ever suspected of being responsible for its disappearance. Mr. Henderson emphatically exonerates him from any blame, but reiterates his statement that all the discharges of late have taken place for good and sufficient reasons.

OUR NEW POSTMASTER.

Hon. Aquilla Jones Nominated for the Position—Sketch of His Busy Life.

The question of selecting a successor to Postmaster Wildman was yesterday settled in the nomination by President Cleveland of Mr. Aquilla Jones, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Indianapolis. The appointment was bulletined at 1 o'clock, and the news spread to all parts of the city and was soon upon the tongue of every one upon the street. Mr. Jones was the recipient of the warmest congratulations from his host of political and personal friends, among the latter there being a great many Republicans who seemed gratified that one so worthy had been selected for such an important trust. Meridian street merchants, irrespective of party, had sent telegrams to the President and Postmaster General urging his appointment, and when the news came they turned out to add their congratulations and shake the hand of the successful applicant. While in the act of shaking hands with the new Postmaster, Mr. Jones received a large number of friends, and during the afternoon was the recipient of still further congratulations. Indeed, one would hardly suspect that so much enthusiasm could grow out of an appointment, but the fact that it did, is conclusive evidence of the measure of feeling which has been worked up by the struggle which has existed here and at Washington for the past two weeks. The pleasure manifested by the people was all the more complimentary to Mr. Jones on account of the fact that it was not limited to the adherents of either political party. The Republicans united with the Democrats in saying that no better selection could have been made, and one declared that it reflected credit upon the administration and would give us a man of strong, practical sense and good business habits in the Postoffice.

Aquilla Jones, the new appointee, is seventy-four years of age, having been born in Stokes, near Forsyth County, North Carolina, in 1811, and removed with his parents to Indiana, locating at Columbus, Bartholomew County, in 1831. One year later he cast his first vote, supporting Andrew Jackson for the Presidency, and since that time has always voted with and worked for the party. He served as Postmaster at Columbus under three different administrations, embracing most of the time between 1838 and 1854. He took the census of Bartholomew County under Van Buren's appointment in 1840, and again under President Fillmore in 1850. In the session of 1842 he represented his county in the State Legislature. He was appointed by President Pierce Indian Agent for Washington Territory, but he declined the appointment. He was then tendered a like agency for New Mexico, but this he also declined. In 1850 he was elected Treasurer of State and served two years, but declined a re-nomination at the end of that time. In 1875 he was elected President of the Indianapolis Rolling Mill Company, having held the office of treasurer for several years, and he occupies the former position now. Both in his private and public character Mr. Jones is the peer of any man in the Union, and his long and useful career has drawn around him a large circle of devoted friends. He will enter upon the discharge of his duties under the most favorable auspices, and his well known character is a sufficient guarantee that he will be discharged with honor and fidelity. Though seventy-four years of age, Mr. Jones is a well-preserved man, and may be said to possess, in its full measure, the indomitable energy which was a distinguishing characteristic of his youth and earlier manhood.

In conversation with the new appointee yesterday afternoon, he said that he had not formulated any plans concerning the office. Since he became an applicant, he had been quite busy with his private affairs, and supposed it would be time enough to consider the postoffice question when the appointment was made. As it has been twenty years or more since he was Postmaster, he expected to find many new things connected with the position; in fact, he did not now know what his duties, his powers would be. In response to a question, Mr. Jones said that he could not speak advisedly concerning changes in the office, and he therefore preferred not to speak at all.

Indianapolis Wins Again.

A telegram received from Atlanta, Ga., yesterday, states the Indianapolis Club defeated the local nine by a score of 7 to 3. This is certainly good news to the lovers of the National pastime in this city, for Atlanta boasts of one of the strongest clubs south of Louisville. The Indianapolis nine was ignominiously defeated by the Atlanta nine on one occasion this season.

Feline Sagacity.

A little story in which a cat played the part of a humanitarian was told to a Sentinel reporter yesterday. It appears that about 2 o'clock Friday morning Mrs. Hannah Coyle, residing at 74 Cincinnati street, was awakened by a house cat clawing and pulling

at the cover on the bed and mewing as if in distress. Upon looking up the cat jumped from the bed, and Mrs. Coyle discovered that the window curtains were on fire. By prompt action the fire was extinguished without calling upon the department, and Mrs. Coyle, who is a widow, was alone in the room, believing that the safety of her residence and possibly her own life is due to the sagacity of the cat, which undoubtedly discovered and appreciated the danger and warned the widow.

A Floral Party.

There is nothing that adds so greatly to the freshness and brightness of the surroundings of a social gathering as the presence of beautiful and fragrant flowers, unless it be the smiling faces of the lovely ladies. This will be apparent to those who attend the College Avenue Rink to-night, a floral party being given at this popular resort. The conservatory of Mr. Anthony Weiland has been almost denuded of its bright coloring for this purpose, each lady present receiving a handsome bouquet.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were recorded Thursday, March 26, as reported by Steeg & Bernheimer, abstract compilers, 12 and 15 Thorpe Block, Telephone 1,045:

Charles E. Hall and wife to Edward Shoney, warranty deed to part of lot 14 in McCarty's second Westside addition to the city of Indianapolis, \$1,500 00

William C. Dowe and wife to John A. Denson, quit claim to part of lot 1 in Murphy & Tinkler's addition to the city of Indianapolis, 200 00

Wesley C. De La Maty and husband to Frank O. Wadsworth and wife, warranty deed to lots 19 and 20 in square 3 in North Park addition to the city of Indianapolis, 300 00

Ketecala E. Ewing to Emory H. Wood and wife, warranty deed to lot 7 in Brown's subdivision of lot 1 and part of lot 2 in Johnson's heirs addition to the city of Indianapolis, 1,500 00

Emory H. Wood and wife to Charles Dowe and wife, warranty deed to lot 13 in Dowe's subdivision of the city of Indianapolis, \$500 00

Louis Overstreet and wife to August Jensen, warranty deed to lot 2 in a subdivision of part of lot 3 in Vander's subdivision of the Carson farm, 125 00

Elias A. Wilmington to William A. Johnston et al., warranty deed to part of north half of west half of southeast fourth of section 16, township 16, north of range 5, east, containing 49 acres, more or less, 2,000 00

William Jensen and wife to John A. Denson and wife, warranty deed to part of west half of southeast fourth of section 16, township 16, north of range 5, east, 212 75

John C. Wright and wife to Adam Dean, warranty deed to lot 13 in J. M. and C. P. Miller's subdivision of north half of lot 1 in the city of Indianapolis, 1,200 00

Conveyances, 9, consideration, \$10,057 75

LITERARY AND ART NOTES.

We have received a copy of the World Travel Gazette, a monthly publication devoted entirely to the interests of travelers, published at 207 Broadway, New York, by the World Travel Company.

"Chinese Gordon; The Uncrowned King," is the title of a handsome ribbon-bound book, by Laura C. Holloway, which Funk & Wagnalls have just issued. It is the compilation from Gordon's private letters of his sentiments on life, duty, religion and responsibilities, and can but prove a timely addition to Forbes' "Life." A portrait of Gordon, in mourning border, adorns the cover.

In addition to the articles on the engagement between the "Monitor" and the "Merrimack," written by officers of both vessels, which appear in the March number of the Century, Captain Ericsson is writing a paper to be printed in an early number of the same magazine, making record of the circumstances attending the invention of the submarine, embracing most of the time between 1838 and 1854. He took the census of Bartholomew County under Van Buren's appointment in 1840, and again under President Fillmore in 1850. In the session of 1842 he represented his county in the State Legislature. He was appointed by President Pierce Indian Agent for Washington Territory, but he declined the appointment. He was then tendered a like agency for New Mexico, but this he also declined. In 1850 he was elected Treasurer of State and served two years, but declined a re-nomination at the end of that time. In 1875 he was elected President of the Indianapolis Rolling Mill Company, having held the office of treasurer for several years, and he occupies the former position now. Both in his private and public character Mr. Jones is the peer of any man in the Union, and his long and useful career has drawn around him a large circle of devoted friends. He will enter upon the discharge of his duties under the most favorable auspices, and his well known character is a sufficient guarantee that he will be discharged with honor and fidelity. Though seventy-four years of age, Mr. Jones is a well-preserved man, and may be said to possess, in its full measure, the indomitable energy which was a distinguishing characteristic of his youth and earlier manhood.

The March Century contains an article on the Soudan, written by General R. E. Colston, formerly of the Confederate army, and later on the general staff of the Egyptian army. In the latter service he commanded two expeditions of exploration in the Soudan, traveling on all the principal caravan routes and spending two years in the towns and among the tribes which are frequently mentioned in connection with El Mahdi's rebellion. The article is illustrated with more than twenty pictures.

"The Brain of Man; Its Architecture and Requirements," is the title of a paper which Dr. A. L. Ranney, of New York, contributes to the March Harper's. This is a thoroughly scientific, yet highly popular, presentation of the latest knowledge of the brain, which should interest every one who has a brain. There is nothing more marvelous than the recent progress of science in this direction, and a number of diagrams help to make clear to the reader how far scientists believe in the localization of function, and to what extent phrenology has a scientific basis.

Washington is fast growing in the esteem of tourists, to be one of the most beautiful capitals of the world, and the drift of literary and fashionable people towards it, as a winter resort, is giving it a new social importance aside from its political interest. In line with the new development is the growth of a domestic architecture that gives it much of its external character. An interesting paper, giving "A Glimpse of Some Washington Homes," has been prepared for the March Harper's Magazine, by Mr. E. W. Lightner.

Why He Rejoices.

Since the election many Democrats through your paper have given expressions to their opinions, hopes and desires. The following is a short expression of my own which I desire you to publish.

Among the Democratic host there is great joy; some rejoice for one reason and some for another. For myself there are two reasons why I rejoice over our victory that entirely overshadow all others.

1. In the march of the children of Israel from Egypt to the promised land the Almighty selected certain men to carry and bear aloft the ark of the covenant of God. So in our day the Democratic party for the last thirty years has been the only party in these United States that truly loved the Union, and our flag has in truth been the only flag that represented and tried to protect and defend constitutional liberty. I rejoice to see this day, when the old and young men, to whom God has intrusted the ark of the covenant of constitutional liberty, have been able to once again to bear their flag to the front in the triumph of victory—a victory that I trust will restore our Union and make us strong in the bonds of peace and friendship or that the hateful cry of "solid South" or "solid North" may no more be heard, but instead thereof the joyous cry of solid America shall ring out from one side of this Union to the other.

2. The second cause of my joy relates to T. A. Hendricks personally. I have observed for some years an effort in our State to boom new men, and to force the rank and file of our party after new leaders. When at Fort Wayne last summer I was requested to permit my name to be used as one of the delegates, I told the man that I was for the old ticket. That to carry Indiana the name of Hendricks was absolutely indispensable, and under no circumstances would I vote for any other man; that party leaders would vote for him, but that Hendricks when he got down to the disinterested rank and file of our people would develop a personal strength that would be absolutely invincible. I am glad that the correctness of that opinion has been fully vindicated. I was glad to hear the Democratic shout of joy in ratification of his nomination at Chicago. On his last tour from Indianapolis to South Bend, on Friday and Saturday before the election, the thousands of friends that gladly met and cheered him at every station presented to him the grandest exhibition of friendship, confidence and trust that has ever been given to any man in the State of Indiana. For thirty years Hendricks has stood as our leader in the front of the battle. More of the venomous shafts of the enemy have been hurled at him than at any other living man in the State of Indiana. For this and many other reasons it was meet and proper that in this last contest for justice and right he should be our leader. His success and victory I sincerely rejoice, and hope and trust that it will once again restore to our people the blessings of forbearance kindness and friendship.

A. E. KILGUS, Lagrange, Ind., March 24.

A Suggestion. [Communicated.]

Inasmuch as there is at present no representative from the First Congressional District in any of the benevolent boards, and there seems to be a disposition to put ex-soldiers in charge of the Knightstown Home, I suggest the names of Major J. W. Watker, of this city; Colonel Owen, of Mount Vernon, and Dr. Welbur, of Princeton, either of whom would make a good trustee, and were all good soldiers during the late war. I think it nothing more than fair that this end of the State should have one of the Trustees, and that the ex-soldiers be represented.

A West Virginia Man's Misfortune.

(Wheeling (W. Va.) Intelligence.)

A few days since Frank M. Cottrill, of Ellenboro, Ritchie County, was placed in jail at Harrisville, a maniac. The events in the life of Frank Cottrill, who was born in a West Virginia village something over thirty years ago, equal in the details of a romance. He early chose the profession of an actor. This calling he pursued with zeal. While traveling he met Adelaide Gonzales, an actress. The acquaintance of the two resulted in marriage on the 20th day of July, 1877. The marriage was an unhappy one, the couple living together but a few months. On the 1st day of July, 1882, Frank Cottrill, through his attorney, P. W. Morris, instituted proceedings for a divorce on the ground of desertion, against his wife. On the 14th of November Judge Stealey rendered a decree granting the divorce. The action was resisted by the wife, and during the pendency of the suit she filed a very curious answer. Another lady appears upon the scene in March, 1883. At the residence of Robert McNeil, manager of Woodcock House, St. Paul, Minn., Frank Cottrill, of that theater, was married to Miss Jessie Clark of the Madison Square "Hazel Kirke" company. The succeeding summer the pair came to Ellenboro. In the fall Frank announced that both had secured profitable engagements in New York, which he had been playing, and neither went. From that city he returned last August alone, broken in health and discouraged, expressing fears as to his intellect, complaining of the dreadful noise of the great metropolis. His wife secreted an engagement with the company playing "Wanted, a Partner." Frank apparently covered his health, but a short time ago he was seized with terrible convulsions, and immediately became violently insane. There being no room at the asylum for him, he is now imprisoned in all an iron cage almost unmanageable, raving of hell and its torments and the mastery of his master over him. Both Cottrill and his second wife have visited this city, she as an opera singer and he as treasurer of the company in which she sang.

The Arabs Never Surrender.

(London Telegraph.)

As at Teb and Tami, the wounded Arabs refused to be made prisoners, and great caution had to be exercised in moving about the field, not only to avoid the covert snipe dealt by the bleeding Arabs, but the rushes and cuts of the fanatics who shammed death in order that they might the more surely get a chance of burying their weapons in one of us.

Exploring along this wady a party of our men came upon six dead and four wounded Arabs lying under a bushy dwarf mimosa tree. The soldiers had an interpreter with them, and the Arabs were called upon to surrender and come out. That they did they would not do; would the soldiers therefore come and take them. The four wounded men still held their spears, in their hands. "Very good," said our soldiers, "put down your spears, and we will see you are well treated, and do all we can to cure your wounds."

The answer of the four Arabs came fierce and concise: "Put down your spears, infidel dogs! By God and this prophet, never!" There was a crack of Martini-Henrys. You can guess the rest. It was again, as at Teb and Tami, almost impossible to take prisoners, and we secured but two of their wounded alive.

The third prisoner I assisted to bring in, but he was hardly a captive, for the man gave himself up. He had a Remington and over one hundred rounds of ammunition. His story was that he had been one of the Berber-Egyptian garrison, and since the fall of that place, he had been forced into the Mahdi's army. He was glad to escape from him, he declared, and I must say the fellow looked cheerful at being taken. A trooper of the Nineteenth conducted him to General Stewart. He was our one unwounded prisoner!

Appropos of Republicans hunting office in 1861, the Detroit Free Press says:

"The 'Irreconcilables' are anxious to show that Washington is a crumpled up piece of paper, and one of the tales of Mr. Lincoln's administration during its early days, when every body was supposed to be thinking more about the rights of the country than about the rights of a disappointed aspirant at the end of his hands discovered floating in the canal very early in the morning, was that of a body pulled out of the canal. He had been in the office day before. He rushed at once to the home of the Secretary of the Treasury, and he had a good opportunity for the appointment. 'Why, my friend,' said the Secretary, 'the place has already been filled.' 'Why,' cried the man, 'by whom?' 'By you,' said the Secretary, 'and you have just said you pulled out of the canal.' 'I don't doubt that,' said the Secretary, 'but the place is filled, nevertheless. I have just given it to the man who saw him fall in.'

Senator Harrison, in a recent interview, said: "Mr. McDonald was very cordially received in Washington by his Democratic friends. He could not doubt, however, that a good foreign mission if he had wanted it, and notwithstanding all the stories of unkindness between them, I am sure Mr. Hendricks would have indulged him for such a place."

Person's Music House.

Person's popular music house is offering very rare inducements to purchasers of pianos and organs. Every one, even those in moderate circumstances, is given an opportunity to get a new instrument, as Mr. Person is offering first-class pianos and organs on easy monthly payments. Any one wanting a good instrument should call on Mr. Person, or address him by letter. He is a courteous and reliable gentleman, and we are glad to see him prosper. He deserves a large patronage, and we predict that the present year will witness a still larger trade.

C. E. KREGG & WHITE, Funeral Directors and Embalmers, No. 77 North Delaware street. Telephone connection to office and residences. Carriages for Weddings and Parties.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can be used in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 West Street, New York.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Headache, vertigo, constipation, and all the troubles incident to a disordered state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, and all their attendant evils, can be cured by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

WHO! JANUARY!

Removal of the Old Established

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No. 68 East Wash. St. and 71 East Court St., With the Largest Stock of Harness, Horse Blankets, Clothing, Shoes, etc., ever shown in the State. Elegant Rooms and Elegant Goods.

SECOND GRAND EXCURSION TO New Orleans and the World's Fair. The Great Excursion Steamer BIG SANDY will leave Cincinnati Tuesday, March 31, at 5 p. m. Will remain in New Orleans six days. Fare \$5 for the round trip, which includes board in New Orleans, rooms, and telegraph. C. M. BULLOWAY, Superintendent Big Sandy and Fomerot Packet Co., Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One fine draft stallion. RALSTON 15

FOR SALE—Fixtures for a first class cigar stand. cheap. Call at 23 South Pennsylvania street. 25

FOR SALE—Fixtures for a first class cigar stand; cheap. Call at 23 South Pennsylvania street. 24

FOR SALE—Surveyor's transit and level; in good working order. Call when near \$250. M. B. CRIST, City, Ind. 16

FOR SALE—Two thousand and LaCombe pear trees one and two years old; they will grow in any soil and any climate; they begin bearing within three years old, and when six to eight years old bear ten to fifteen bushels per tree; I have 200 trees on my farm, near Shelbyville, two years old, doing finely; send in your orders early; will deliver in March and April, terms reasonable. S. SUTTON, Shelbyville, Ind. 18

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The finest business room in town; centrally located; splendid opportunity for live dry goods man. For particulars address M. SCHLENGER, Oxford, O. 24

BUSINESS CARDS.

[The firms represented below are the most reliable and reliable in the city and are entirely worthy of the patronage of Sentinel readers.]

APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST.

DR. E. D. PORTER, 90 South Illinois St. Dr. Denny's Cherry Cough Cure. Sample free.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

WITHOUT A PLATE, At 265 East Washington street. References given to parties wearing them.

FILE SPECIALIST.

W. FISHER, M. D., 55 North Delaware Street.

BALLARD'S POPULAR ICE CREAM.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

ENGRAVER ON WOOD.

154 East Market street, opposite Postoffice, Indianapolis, Ind.

PURE LAKE ICE.

Office: No. 174 East Market Street, Telephone 306.

DENTIST.

J. G. PARSONS, 30 1/2 West Washington Street, OVER NEWS Office Indianapolis.

H. O. STEVENS.

NEW WALL PAPER & SHADES HOUSE, 44 East 10th street, Indianapolis.

HARNES, SADDLES, ETC.

AD. HERETH, 71 East Court St. and 68 East Wash. St.

H. L. UMSTEAD.

PREScription DRUG STORE, No. 150 Virginia Avenue.

POUDERS.

CLEAN MEAT MARKETS, 212 East Washington St., 75 North Pennsylvania St., 314 and 318 East Market House.

SMITH'S CHEMICAL DYE-WORKS.

212 East Washington St., near Postoffice, Ind. dye and repair chemists' clothing; also ladies' dresses, shawls, muslins, and silk and woolen goods of every description, dyed and re-dyed; kid gloves neatly cleaned at 10 cents per pair. Will do more first-class work for less money than any house of the kind in the city.

WHITNEY & ADAMS.

SEWER AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS, Room 21 Thorpe Block, Indianapolis.

W. S. RAWLS, DENTIST.

Claypool Block, opposite Bates House. Special attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth. Prices reasonable.

WANTED.

LOST—Any article of value, not exceeding three lines, inserted two times FREE. Under the head "Situation Wanted," four lines or less, inserted FREE.

WANTED—By an experienced dressmaker, to sew in family. Call at 247 West Michigan street. 24

WANTED—Situation as accountant or engineer. Twenty years' experience. Address J. C. C. this office. 22

WANTED—Situation as night watch or as a porter and cleaner. Call at address 23, 102 Yandes street, city. 21

WANTED—One hundred end iron for "Cinderella." Apply at English's Opera House, Saturday, 10 o'clock sharp. 21

WANTED—Situation by an experienced cook and waiter. Address 3506 E. 8th St., HOLMES, Indianapolis, Ind. 21

WANTED—A situation by a new appearing young man with a good stock of work. Address O. W. M., Sentinel office. 21

WANTED—To sell the best salmon in the city; good chance for good men; reasonable prices. Call on C. E. GILMORE, 724 N. W. 21

WANTED—To borrow \$1,000 will give security. For further particulars call on J. F. O. GRAHAM. 26

WANTED—Situation as clerk in store by a young man of some experience; can read the best of reference. Address H. J. WERNER, Newbury, Ind. 23

WANTED—Situation by a good custom and exchange miller; good reason for being out of a job. Address R. S. HATTERMAN, Palmyra, Rush County, Indiana. 27

WANTED—Two hundred boxes for express; they will be sent by express. Address J. M. ATGUS, 108 West Washington St., Indianapolis. 24

WANTED—Partner: man with \$50 to go on with practical workman; any business; confidential and trustworthy; doing a good business in Indianapolis. Address J. M. ATGUS, 108 West Washington St., Indianapolis. 24

ANNOUNCEMENTS.